Decision Making in Oral Rehabilitation Using an Interview Method
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The number of teeth, tooth contacts, missing anterior teeth and RPDs showed no significant relationship to the number of cases generated by the SEI-QoL-DW.

The overall SEI-QoL-DW score was significantly related to the overall OHRP score (Fig.2). The participants opinion is shown in Table 3. Seventy to ninety percent was positive towards the use of the SEI-QoL-DW in treatment planning.

The SEI-QoL-DW method showed a potential for generating useful information in the oral rehabilitation decision making process. The results in more cues and additional information compared to the traditional history taking and the OHIP questionnaire.

The status of the teeth did not influence the number of cases generated by the SEI-QoL-DW.

The number of cases generated were significantly more cases were generated by the SEI-QoL-DW when compared to the traditional history taking. Significantly more cases were generated compared to the SEI-QoL-DW (Table 1). The SEI-QoL-DW generated more cases when compared to both the traditional history taking and the OHP (Table 2).