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Published in:
Genome Announcements

DOI:
10.1128/genomeA.00074-16

Publication date:
2016

Document Version
Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

Citation for published version (APA):
**Genome Sequence of Kocuria palustris Strain W4**

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We report the 3.09 Mb draft genome sequence of *Kocuria palustris* W4, isolated from a slaughterhouse in Denmark.

**Kocuria palustris** is a spherical, aerobic Gram-positive, nonmotile bacterium belonging to the family *Micococcaceae*, phylum *Actinobacteria* (1). Though the bacteria of this family are very commonly isolated from various ecological niches, the amount of information on this species is inadequate. Currently, there is only one publically available draft genome assembly of *K. palustris* PEL (2). Here, we present the draft assembly of *K. palustris* W4, isolated from a slaughterhouse in Denmark (3).

The sequence libraries of *K. palustris* W4 were prepared using the Nextera XT kit (Illumina, USA), according to the manufacturer’s recommendations, followed by sequencing as a part of the flowcell, as 2 × 250-base paired-end reads, using Illumina MiSeq (Illumina, USA) technology. The reads were cleaned and trimmed using CLC Genomics Workbench 7 (CLC bio, Denmark) and assembled in SPAdes 3.5.0 (4). The assembled genome was annotated using the RAST server (5) and RNAServer 1.2 (6) to screen for noncoding rRNAs and tRNAs. The draft genome of *K. palustris* W4 contains 95 contigs with an average G+C content of 69.9% at a coverage of 179× and 51 predicted RNA genes. RNAServer analysis predicted 3 copies of 5s and 1 copy each of 23s and 16s rRNA genes.

A total of 2,732 coding regions were found, out of which 1,225 were functionally annotated. Compared to the already available genome of the species *K. palustris* PEL that has 42 genes involved in virulence, diseases, and defense and a further 25 genes for resistance against antibiotics and other toxic compounds, the annotated genome of W4 has 49 genes involved in virulence, diseases, and defense, including 33 genes for resistance against antibiotics and other toxic compounds. Further, strain W4 has 88 stress response genes, whereas strain PEL has only 69 genes in this category. This difference may reflect the adaptation of strain W4 to survive in hostile industrial environments. Functional comparison available on the RAST server revealed *Kocuria rhizophila* DC2201 to be the closest neighbor of *K. palustris* W4. A comparative genomic analysis between *Kocuria* strains will facilitate a better characterization of these strains.

**Nucleotide sequence accession numbers.** The whole-genome shotgun project for *Kocuria palustris* W4 has been deposited in the European Nucleotide Archive (ENA) under the accession numbers CZJR01000001 to CZJR01000095. The version described in this paper is the first version.

**FUNDING INFORMATION**
This work was funded partly by The Danish Council for Independent Research and the Villum Foundation.

**REFERENCES**